IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method for crosslinking one or more molecules, comprising

photoactivating a photactivatable crosslinker in the presence of the one or more molecules by one-photon or multi-photon excitation, wherein the crosslinker comprises at least two photoactive groups covalently linked by a bridging moiety, and further wherein the point volume of the activation has at least one dimension of less than about 1 micron; and crosslinking the one or more molecules with the activated crosslinker.

wherein the crosslinking produces a three-dimensional structure.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the photoactive groups are (Original) selected from the group consisting of benzophenones, monoketals of alpha-diketones or ketoaldehydes, acyloins and their corresponding ethers, benzoin alkyl ethers, 4-aroyl-1,3dioxolanes, triazines, chromophore-substituted halomethyl-s-triazines, pyrazines, pyrimidines, pyradizines, oxadiazoles, chromophore-substituted halomethyl-oxadiazoles, chromophoresubstituted disulfides, benzotriazoles, chromophore-substituted azides, phenylglyoxalic esters and derivatives thereof, dimeric phenylglyoxalic esters, peresters, benzophenone tetra-carboxylic peresters, monoacyl phosphine oxides, benzoyldiphenylphosphine oxides, bisacylphosphine oxides, bis(benzoyl)phosphine oxide, trisacylphosphine oxides, chalcones, cinnamates, nitrobenzenes, phenyldiazenes, pyridazine diones, phthalazine diones, ethyl eosin, eosin Y, fluorescein, 2,2-dimethoxy-2-phenyl acetophenone, 2-methoxy-2-phenylacetophenone, camphorquinone, rose bengal, methylene blue, erythrosin, phloxime, thionine, riboflavin, methylene green, acridine orange, xanthine dye, and thioxanthine dyes, and a combination comprising at least one of the foregoing photoactive groups.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the photoactivatable crosslinker is substantially water-soluble.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the photoactivatable crosslinker comprises at least one acid or acid salt.

- 5. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the acid salt is the alkali or alkaline earth metal salt of a carboxylate, formate, nitrate, phosphonate, phosphonate, phosphinate, sulfate, sulfonate, or a combination comprising at least one of the foregoing.
- 6. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 3, wherein the photoactivatable crosslinker comprises at least one base or base salt.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the photoactivatable crosslinker comprises at least one group capable of hydrogen bonding with water.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the photoactivatable crosslinker has the structure (I)

$$A_1-L_1-Q-L_2-A_2$$
 (I)

wherein A_1 and A_2 are the same or different, and are $(R)_m = N - (R)_m - 1$, and wherein A_1 and A_2 comprise

or a mixture comprising at least one of the foregoing structures, wherein

each R in the formulas are independently selected from an ionic moiety; a saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₃₆ alkyl, saturated or unsubstituted, substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₃₆ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₆₋₃₆ aryl, or substituted or unsubstituted C₇₋₄₂ alkylaryl; two R groups together may form a fused cyclic or heterocyclic group such as a cycloalkyl or aryl; a halogen, hydroxyl, amino, substituted amino, amide, alkoxy, carboxyl, carboxy ester, phosphate ester, phosphonate ester, sulfate ester, sulfonate ester, sulfhydryl group, or hydrocarbonoxy group optionally comprising one of the foregoing hydrocarbon groups

n is 0 to 5 and m is 0 to 4;

L₁ and L₂ are linking groups; and

O is a bridging moiety.

- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the bridging moiety is a divalent, saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted C_{1.36} alkyl, saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₃₆ cycloalkyl, saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₃₆ methyloycloalkyl, C₆₋₃₆ aryl, C₇₋₄₂ alkylaryl, C₇₋₄₂ aralkyl, C₁₋₁₈ heterocycle, a polyalkylene glycol, polyolefin, polybutadiene, polyisoprene, polyamide, polyester, polysulfone, polyimide, polyamideimide, polysiloxane, polyetherimide, polyether sulfone, polyphenylene sulfide, polyether ketone, polyether ether ketone, polystyrene, polyacrylate, polyacrylonitrile, polyacetal, polycarbonate, polyphenylene ether, polyurethane, polyvinylidene chloride, fluoropolymer, peptide, oligopeptide, oligonucleotide, saccharide, polysaccharide, fatty acid, or lipid.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 8, wherein the photoactivatable crosslinkerone A₁₃ A₂₃ and/or Q comprise an acid or acid salt.

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The method of claim 1, wherein the molecule is an amino acid, 11, (Original) peptide, oligopeptide, protein, enzyme, myosin, collagen, fatty acid, lipid, ribonucleic acid, deoxyribonucleic acid, oligomer, saccharide, polysaccharide, glycosaminoglycan, cellulose, cytokine, hormone, receptor, growth factor, drug or a mixture comprising at least one of the foregoing molecules.

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12-13. (Cancelled)

A product derived by the method of claim 1 or claim 12. 14. (Original)

15-20. (Cancelled)

(New) A method for crosslinking one or more molecules, comprising 21. photoactivating a photactivatable crosslinker in the presence of the one or more molecules by one-photon or multi-photon excitation, wherein the crosslinker comprises at least two photoactive groups covalently linked by a bridging moiety; and crosslinking the one or more molecules with the activated crosslinker,

wherein the photoactivatable crosslinker has the structure (I)

$$A_1-L_1-Q-L_2-A_2$$
 (I)

wherein A1 and A2 are the same or different,, and wherein A1 and A2 comprise

$$(R)_{n} \longrightarrow (R)_{m} \qquad (R)_$$

or a mixture comprising at least one of the foregoing structures, wherein

each R in the formulas are independently selected from an ionic moiety; a saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted C₁₋₃₆ alkyl, saturated or unsubstituted, substituted or unsubstituted C₃₋₃₆ cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₆₋₃₆ aryl, or substituted or unsubstituted C₇₋₄₂ alkylaryl; two R groups together may form a fused cyclic or heterocyclic group such as a cycloalkyl or aryl; a halogen, hydroxyl, amino, substituted amino, amide, alkoxy, carboxyl, carboxy ester, phosphate ester, phosphonate ester, sulfate ester, sulfonate ester, sulfhydryl group, or hydrocarbonoxy group optionally comprising one of the foregoing hydrocarbon groups

n is 0 to 5 and m is 0 to 4;

L1 and L2 are linking groups; and

Q is a bridging moiety.

- 22. (New) The method of claim 21, wherein the photoactivatable crosslinker is substantially water-soluble.
- 23. (New) The method of claim 22, wherein the photoactivatable crosslinker comprises at least one acid or acid salt.

- 24. (New) The method of claim 23, wherein the acid salt is the alkali or alkaline earth metal salt of a carboxylate, formate, nitrate, phosphate, phosphonate, phosphinate, sulfate, sulfonate, or a combination comprising at least one of the foregoing.
- (New) The method of claim 22, wherein the photoactivatable crosslinker 25. comprises at least one group capable of hydrogen bonding with water.
- (New) The method of claim 22, wherein the bridging moiety is a divalent, 26. saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted C1-36 alkyl, saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted C3-36 cycloalkyl, saturated or unsaturated, substituted or unsubstituted C_{3-36} methylcycloalkyl, C_{5-36} aryl, C_{7-42} alkylaryl, C_{7-42} aralkyl, C_{1-18} heterocycle, a polyalkylene glycol, polyolefin, polybutadiene, polyisoprene, polyamide, polyester, polysulfone, polyimide, polyamideimide, polysiloxane, polyetherimide, polyether sulfone, polyphenylene sulfide, polyether ketone, polyether ether ketone, polystyrene, polyacrylate, polyacrylonitrile, polyacetal, polycarbonate, polyphenylene ether, polyurethane, polyvinylidene chloride, fluoropolymer, peptide, oligopeptide, oligonucleotide, saccharide, polysaccharide, fatty acid, or lipid.
- (New) The method of claim 21, wherein the molecule is an amino acid, peptide, 27. oligopeptide, protein, enzyme, myosin, collagen, fatty acid, lipid, ribonucleic acid, deoxyribonucleic acid, oligomer, saccharide, polysaccharide, glycosaminoglycan, cellulose, cytokine, hormone, receptor, growth factor, drug or a mixture comprising at least one of the foregoing molecules.